

CHAPTER 20

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PART 1

SOLID WASTE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

§101. Short Title.

This article shall be known and referred to as the "Solid Waste Ordinance."

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 1)

§102. Definitions and Word Usage.

1. The following words and phrases as used in this article shall have the meaning ascribed herein, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

ACT or ACT 97 — the Pennsylvania Solid Waste Management Act of 1980 (P.L. 380, No. 97, July 7, 1980). EN(1)

AGRICULTURAL WASTE — poultry and livestock manure, or residual materials in liquid or solid form, generated in the production and marketing of poultry, livestock, fur-bearing animals and their products, provided that such waste is not a hazardous waste. The term includes the residual materials generated in producing, harvesting and marketing of all agronomic, horticultural, silvicultural and agricultural crops or commodities grown on what are usually recognized and accepted as farms, forest or other agricultural lands.

BULKY WASTE — large items of solid waste, including but not limited to large auto parts, trees, branches or stumps which may require special handling due to their size, shape or weight.

COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENT — any establishment engaged in industrial, non-manufacturing or non-processing business, including but not limited to stores, markets, office buildings, restaurants shopping centers and theaters.

CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTE — all municipal and residual waste building materials, grubbing waste and rubble resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations on houses, commercial building and other structures and pavements.

DEPARTMENT — the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

DISPOSE or DISPOSAL — the incineration, deposition, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of solid waste into or on the land or water in a manner that the solid waste or a constituent of the solid wastes enters the environment, is emitted into the air or is discharged to the waters of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

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DOMESTIC WASTE or HOUSEHOLD WASTE — solid waste, comprised of garbage and rubbish, which normally originates in the residential private household or apartment house.

GARBAGE — any solid waste derived from animal, grain, fruit, or vegetable matter that is capable of being decomposed by microorganisms with sufficient rapidity to cause such nuisances as odors, gases, or vectors.

HAULER or PRIVATE COLLECTOR — any person, firm, copartnership, association or corporation who has been licensed by the Borough of Greenville or its designated representative to collect, transport and dispose of refuse for a fee as herein prescribed.

HAZARDOUS WASTE — any solid waste or combination of solid wastes, as defined in the Act, which because of its quantity, concentration or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in morbidity in either an individual or the total population; or pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of or otherwise managed.

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENT — any establishment engaged in manufacturing or processing, including but not limited to factories, foundries, mills, processing plants, refineries, mines and slaughterhouses.

INSTITUTIONAL ESTABLISHMENT — any establishment engaged in service, including but not limited to hospitals, nursing homes, orphanages, day-care centers, schools and universities.

MUNICIPALITY — the Borough of Greenville, Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

MUNICIPAL WASTE — garbage, refuse, industrial lunchroom or office waste and other material including solid, liquid, semi-solid or contained gaseous materials resulting from operation of residential, municipal, commercial or institutional establishments and from community activities; and any sludge not meeting the definition of residual or hazardous waste under Act 97 from a municipal, commercial or institutional water supply treatment plant, wastewater treatment plant or air pollution control facility.

PERSON — any individual, partnership, corporation, association, institution, cooperative enterprise, municipal authority, Federal government or agency, State institution and agency, or any other legal entity which is recognized bylaw as the subject of rights and duties. In any provisions of this Part prescribing a fine, imprisonment or penalty, or any combination of the foregoing, the term "person" shall include the officers and directors of any corporation or other legal entity having officers and directors.

PROCESSING — any technology used for the purpose of reducing the volume or bulk of municipal or residual waste or used to convert part or all of such waste materials for off-site reuse. Processing facilities include but are not limited to transfer facilities, composting facilities and resource recovery facilities.

REFUSE — all solid waste materials which are discarded as useless.

RESIDUAL WASTE — any garbage, refuse, other discarded material or other waste including solid, liquid, semi-solid or contained gaseous materials resulting from industrial mining and agricultural operations and any sludge from an industrial, mining or agricultural water supply treatment facility, wastewater treatment facility or air pollution control facility, provided that it is not hazardous. The term "residual waste" shall not include coal refuse as defined in the Coal Refuse Disposal Control Act. EN(3) Residual waste shall not include treatment sludges from coal mine drainage treatment plants, disposal of which is being carried on pursuant to and in compliance with a valid permit issued pursuant to the Clean Streams Law. EN(4)

RUBBISH — all non-putrescible municipal waste except garbage and other decomposable matter. This category includes but is not limited to ashes, bedding, cardboard, cans, crockery, glass, paper and wood.

SCAVENGING — the unauthorized and uncontrolled removal of material placed for collection or from a solid waste processing or disposal facility.

SEWAGE TREATMENT RESIDUES — any coarse screenings, grit and dewatered or air-dried sludge from sewage treatment plants and pumpings from septic tanks or septage which are a municipal solid waste and require proper disposal under Act 97.

SOLID WASTE — any waste, including but not limited to municipal, residual, yard waste or hazardous wastes, including solid, liquid, semi-solid or contained gaseous material.

STORAGE — the containment of any waste on a temporary basis in such a manner as not to constitute disposal of such waste. It shall be presumed that the containment of any waste in excess of one year constitutes disposal. This presumption can be overcome by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

TRANSFER STATION — any supplemental transportation facility used as an adjunct to solid waste collection vehicles.

TRANSPORTATION — the off-site removal of any solid waste at any time after generation.

YARD WASTE — non-composted tree-trimmings, leaves, branches, shrubs, grass clippings and other products or by-products of vegetative growth.

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2. In this Part, the singular shall include the plural and the masculine shall include the feminine and the neuter.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 2)

§103. Prohibited Activities.

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to accumulate or permit to accumulate upon any public or private property within the municipality, any garbage, rubbish, bulky waste or any other municipal or residual solid waste, except in accordance with the provisions of this Part and any department rules and regulations adopted pursuant to Act 97.
2. It shall be unlawful for any person to burn any solid waste except yard waste within the municipality except in accordance with the provisions of this Part and any department rules and regulations adopted pursuant to Act 97.
3. It shall be unlawful for any person to dispose of any solid waste in the municipality except in accordance with the provisions of this Part and any department rules and regulations adopted pursuant to Act 97.
4. It shall be unlawful for any person to haul, transport, collect or remove any solid waste from public or private property within the municipality without first securing a license to do so in accordance with the provisions of this Part.
5. It shall be unlawful for any person to scavenge any materials from any solid waste that is stored or deposited for collection within the municipality.
6. It shall be unlawful for any person to salvage or reclaim any solid wastes within the municipality except at an approved and permitted resource recovery facility under Act 97 and any department rules and regulations adopted pursuant to Act 97.
7. It shall be unlawful for any person to throw, place or deposit, or cause or permit to be thrown, placed or deposited any solid waste in or upon any street, alley, sidewalk, body of water, public or private property within the municipality except as provided in this Part.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 3)

§104. Standards for Storage of Solid Waste.

1. The storage of all solid waste shall be practiced so as to prevent the attraction, harborage or breeding of insects or rodents, and to eliminate conditions harmful to public health or which create safety hazards, odors, unsightliness or public nuisances.

2. Any person producing municipal waste shall provide a sufficient number of approved containers to store all waste materials generated during periods between regularly scheduled collections and shall place and store all waste materials therein.
3. Any person storing municipal waste for collection shall comply with the following preparation standards:
 - A. All municipal waste shall be drained of free liquids before being placed in storage containers.
 - B. All cans, bottles or other food containers should be rinsed free of food particles and drained before being placed in storage containers.
 - C. Tree trimmings shall be placed in approved containers or shall be cut and tied securely into bundles. Bundles shall be no more than four feet in length.
 - D. Newspapers and magazines shall be placed in approved containers or shall be tied securely into bundles.
 - E. When specified by the municipality or its designated representative, special preparation and storage procedures may be required to facilitate the collection and resource recovery of certain waste materials.
4. All municipal waste shall be stored in containers approved by the municipality or its designated representative. Individual containers and bulk containers utilized for storage of municipal waste shall comply with the following standards:
 - A. Reusable containers shall be constructed of durable, watertight, rust-and corrosion-resistant material, such as plastic, metal or fiberglass, in such a manner as to be leak-proof, weatherproof, insect-proof and rodent-proof.
 - B. Reusable containers for individual residences shall have a tight-fitting cover and suitable lifting handles to facilitate collection.
 - C. Reusable containers for individual residences shall have a capacity of not less than 10 gallons nor more than 40 gallons.
 - D. Disposable plastic bags or sacks are acceptable containers. Plastic bags shall have sufficient wall strength to maintain physical integrity when lifted by the top and shall be securely tied at the top for collection.
 - E. All containers, either reusable or disposable, shall also comply with the minimum standards established by the National Sanitation Foundation.

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5. Any person storing municipal waste for collection shall comply with the following storage standards:
 - A. Containers shall be kept tightly sealed or covered at all times. Solid waste shall not protrude or extend above the top of the container.
 - B. Reusable containers shall be kept in a sanitary condition at all times. The interior of the containers shall be thoroughly cleaned, rinsed, drained and disinfected, as often as necessary, to prevent the accumulation of liquid residues or solids on the bottom or sides of the containers.
 - C. Containers shall be used and maintained so as to prevent public nuisances.
 - D. Containers shall be placed by the owner or customer at a collection point specified by the municipality or its designated representative. Containers shall not be placed at the curb or collection point or side of the road before 7:00 p.m. on the day prior to the pickup.
 - E. With the exception of pickup days when the containers are placed out for collection, the containers shall be properly stored on the owner or customer premises at all times.
 - F. Bulk waste items shall be stored in a manner that will prevent the accumulation or collection of water, the harborage of rodents, safety hazards and fire hazards.
6. The storage of all municipal waste from multifamily residential units; commercial establishments, institutions and industrial lunchroom or office waste sources is subject to the regulations and standards set forth in this article. The type, size and placement requirements for bulk containers shall be determined by the waste generator and the waste hauler and are subject to approval by the municipality.
7. The burning of yard waste shall not be permitted, except that burning in open fire pits for recreational purposes such as cookouts and camping, will be permitted meeting the following standards:
 - A. No burning is permitted upon any public street, alley or right-of-way.
 - B. Only dry, clean wood products are to be burned.
 - C. Only smokeless fuels, if any, are to be used to start the fire.
 - D. The pile of materials to be burned is no larger than 16 square feet by three feet high.
 - E. The fire shall be at least 30 feet from the nearest structure, and 10 feet from the nearest inhabited area, roadway, property line or utility.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 4)

§105. Standards and Regulations for Collection.

1. The municipality shall provide for the collection of all garbage, rubbish and bulky wastes from individual residents, multifamily residential sources, all multifamily residential sources with more than two units, commercial, institutional and industrial establishments.
2. Garbage and rubbish shall be collected at least once a week. Bulky wastes shall be collected following prior arrangement with the municipality's collector and payment of any required special fees.
3. All commercial, institutional, public, industrial and industrial lunchroom and office waste containing garbage shall be collected at least once a week. Rubbish collection from these sources shall be made as often as necessary to control health hazards, odors, flies, and unsightly conditions. The municipality reserves the right to require more frequent collection when deemed necessary.
4. Residential collection schedules shall be published regularly by the municipality or its contracted hauler.
5. All solid waste collection activity shall be conducted from Monday through Saturday between the hours of 3:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., unless prior approval of any exception has been granted by the municipality. No collection, hauling or transporting of solid waste shall be permitted on Sunday.
6. The permitted hauler under contract with the municipality shall comply with the following standards and regulations:
 - A. All municipal waste collected within the municipality shall be conveyed by the hauler to a transfer station, processing facility, or disposal site designated as approved by the Department or State Regulatory Agency.
 - B. Any trucks or other vehicles used for the collection and transportation of municipal waste must comply with the requirements of Act 97, and any department regulations adopted pursuant to Act 97.
 - C. All collection vehicles conveying domestic waste and garbage shall be watertight and suitably enclosed to prevent leakage, roadside littering, attraction of vectors, the creation of odors and other nuisances.
 - D. All solid waste shall be collected and transported so as to prevent public health hazards, safety hazards and nuisances.
 - E. All solid waste collection vehicles shall be operated and maintained in a clean and sanitary condition.

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(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 5)

§106. Collection and Disposal Charges.

1. Annual fee schedules (if appropriate) shall be published by the municipality based on any competitively bid residential collection service contract that may be awarded by the municipality.
2. The municipalities contracted hauler shall pay to the Borough of Greenville a franchise fee which shall be in the initial sum of \$1 per month for each residence and the initial sum of 10% of the monthly charge for service for each commercial or industrial establishment. The franchise fee owing hereunder may be passed on to the customer by the contracted hauler.
3. The municipality's contracted hauler shall be responsible for the collection of any fees for solid waste collection and disposal services provided to residential, commercial, institutional or industrial sources within the municipality.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 6)

§107. Arbitration.

1. Whenever any disputes arise between a homeowner and the contractor, the contractor shall be responsible to meet with Borough officials and the aggrieved party prior to arbitration. If the dispute is not settled, either party may then proceed to arbitration.
2. In the event of any dispute concerning any of the provisions of this Part, the dispute shall be submitted to a board of arbitration, consisting of one person selected by the contractor, one person selected by the Borough and one other person selected by the first two appointees. Every effort will be made to make a prompt determination of the dispute.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 7)

§108. Injunction Powers.

The municipality may petition the Court of Common Pleas of Mercer County, Pennsylvania for an injunction, either mandatory or prohibitive, to enforce any of the provisions of this Part.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 8)

§109. Violations and Penalties.

Any person who violates any provision of this Part shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a summary offense which is punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$600, or, in default of payment of such fine, then by imprisonment in the Mercer County Jail for a period of not more than 30 days. Each day of violation shall be considered a separate and distinct offense.

(Ord. 1409, 5/13/2003, Art. 9)

PART 2

RECYCLING

A. Establishment of Recycling Program.

§201. Short Title.

This Part shall be known as the "Resource Recovery and Recycling Ordinance of the Borough of Greenville, Mercer County, Pennsylvania."

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §1)

§202. Definitions.

ALUMINUM CANS — empty all-aluminum beverage cans and food containers.

BIMETALLIC CONTAINERS — empty food or beverage containers consisting of steel and aluminum.

COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENT — those properties used primarily for commercial purposes and those multiple dwelling residential buildings containing more than four dwelling units.

COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES — events that are sponsored by public or private agencies or individuals that include, but are not limited to, fairs, bazaars, socials, picnics and organized sporting events attended by 200 or more individuals per day.

CORRUGATED PAPER — structural paper material with an inner core shaped in rigid parallel furrows and ridges.

FERROUS CONTAINERS — empty steel or tin-coated steel food or beverage containers.

GLASS CONTAINERS — bottles and jars made of clear, green or brown glass. Excluded are plate glass, automotive glass, lead glass, blue glass and porcelain and ceramic products.

HIGH-GRADE OFFICE PAPER — all white paper, bond paper and computer paper used in commercial institutional and municipal establishments and in residences.

INSTITUTIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS — those facilities that house or serve groups of people in a nonresidential setting which include, but are not limited to, the following: hospitals, colleges, schools, day-care centers, and nursing homes.

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LEAD ACID BATTERIES — include, but be limited to, automotive, truck and industrial batteries that contain lead.

LEAF WASTE — leaves from trees, bushes and other plants, garden residue, chipped shrubbery and tree trimmings but not including grass clippings.

MAGAZINES AND PERIODICALS — printed matter containing miscellaneous written pieces published at fixed or varying intervals. Expressly excluded are all other paper products of any nature whatsoever.

MULTIFAMILY HOUSING PROPERTIES — any properties having four or more dwelling units per structure.

MUNICIPAL ESTABLISHMENT — public facilities operated by the Borough and other governmental authorities.

MUNICIPALITY — the Borough of Greenville.

NEWSPAPER — paper of the type commonly referred to as newsprint and distributed at fixed intervals, having printed thereon news and opinions, containing advertisements and other matters of public interest. Expressly excluded are glossy advertising inserts often included with newspapers.

PERSON(S) — owners, lessors and occupants of residences, commercial or institutional establishments.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS — empty plastic food and beverage containers. Due to the large variety of types of plastic, the recycling regulations may stipulate specific types of plastic which may be recycled.

RECYCLABLE MATERIALS — source separated recyclable materials, including materials listed in §1501 of Act 101, and materials identified by the Borough of Greenville to be recycled.

RESIDENTIAL DWELLINGS — any occupied single or multifamily dwelling having up to four dwelling units per structure for which the Borough provides municipal waste collection service.

SOURCE SEPARATED RECYCLABLE MATERIALS — those materials separated at the point of origin for the purpose of being recycled.

WASTE — a material whose original purpose has been completed and which is directed to a disposal or processing facility or is otherwise disposed. The term does not include source separated recyclables materials or material approved by the Department of Environmental Protection for beneficial use. [A.O.]

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §2; as amended by A.O.)

§203. Program.

1. There is hereby established a resource recovery and recycling program for the mandatory separating of recyclables from refuse and rubbish in the Borough of Greenville.
 - A. Separation and storage of recyclables by residences shall be the responsibility of the resident.
 - B. Separation, storage and collection of recyclables by commercial, municipal and institutional establishments and community activities shall be the responsibility of each establishment activity.
 - C. Separation and storage of recyclables by multifamily housing units shall be the responsibility of the owner of the same.
 - D. Separation of leaf waste from refuse, rubbish and recyclables shall be mandatory, and the same shall be collected in accordance with regulations established by the Borough of Greenville.
 - E. A public information and education program shall be established by a designated hauler and the Borough of Greenville.
2. The resource recovery and recycling program shall be operated according to the specific program regulations in subpart B, "Program Regulations."
3. The Greenville Borough Council shall be empowered to make changes in the program regulations from time to time as necessary. Changes shall be made through approval of the Borough Council and public notice of the same shall be given by publishing once in a newspaper of general circulation.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §3)

§204. Separation and Disposal of Leaf Waste.

In compliance with Act 101, §1501(c)(1)(ii) and §1502(2), it is hereby required that leaf waste be separated from ordinary household waste and composted as outlined in the attached program regulations.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §4)

§205. Municipal Ownership of Recyclables.

From the time of placement of recyclables at the curb for collection in accordance with the terms and conditions herein, items shall be and become the property of the Borough

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of Greenville or its authorized agent. However, the person or entity responsible for placing the recycling container at the curbs for collection shall ensure that the recyclables remain within the container until collected. It shall be a violation of this Part to collect or pickup or cause to be collected or picked up any such items unless authorized by the Borough of Greenville. Any and each such collection in violation hereof from one or more locations shall constitute a separate and distinct offense punishable as hereinafter provided in the attached program regulations.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §5)

§206. Existing Recycling Operations.

The Greenville Area Leisure Service Association shall be permitted to continue operation of a "drop off" recycling center at Riverside Park in the Borough of Greenville in accordance with Act. 101.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §6)

§207. Recycling of Materials.

1. Disposal of designated recyclables with ordinary waste by any residential, commercial, municipal, multifamily or institutional facility is hereby prohibited.
2. The Borough of Greenville or its authorized agent may not dispose of recyclables in landfills or burned in incinerators unless markets for them do not exist.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §7)

§208. Franchise, License and/or Contract.

The Borough of Greenville may enter into an agreement or contract for the collection and disposal of recyclable materials, and the cost of the service shall be paid for by the person responsible for the separation and disposal of said waste, in accordance with a fee schedule established by Council in agreement with the collector.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §8)

§209. Incentive, Violation, Penalty and Enforcement.

1. Each household shall have container approved by the Borough of Greenville in which to store recyclables and to place the same at curbside on the designated day for pick-up of the recyclables.

2. Recycling containers provided by the contractor shall be the property of the contractor and shall be returned to the contractor if requested.
3. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any provision of this Part shall, upon conviction thereof, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 plus costs and, in default of payment of said fine and costs, to a term of imprisonment not to exceed 30 days. Each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate violation.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, §9; as amended by A.O.

B. Program Regulations

§211. Recycling Program Regulations.

1. These regulations will govern the Borough of Greenville's recycling program as empowered by §203 of subpart A.
2. The Borough of Greenville will implement its responsibilities for collection, transportation, processing and marketing materials for recycling by entering into a contract with a third party for the collection, transportation, processing and/or marketing of materials as required by law. Any person entering into a contract with the Borough of Greenville to implement a recycling program shall be responsible with the Borough for the implementation of the program.
3. Separation of Recyclables by Residences and Storage and Collection.
 - A. All residential units, including multifamily housing being serviced under the Borough of Greenville's contract, will be required to recycle the following as defined in this Part:
 - (1) Clear and colored glass container.
 - (2) Aluminum cans.
 - (3) Steel and bi-metallic cans.
 - (4) Leaf wastes.
 - (5) PET. [Res. 1991-18]
 - (6) HPDE plastics (liter pop and milk containers). [Res. 1991-18]
 - B. The recyclables shall be prepared for recycling in the following manner:
 - (1) Rinse bottles and jars, remove lids, labels may be left on.

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- (2) Rinse cans, flatten cans in order to allow more to be placed in the recycling containers.
 - C. The Borough of Greenville's contractor will provide each dwelling unit with one recycling container in which to place the recyclables. The container will be the property of the contractor and shall be returned to the contractor prior to a resident or user thereof moving from the community. Additional or replacement containers will be provided at the resident's expense.
 - D. All recyclables are to be commingled in the recycling container, are to be placed at the curb each week along with the household refuse and will be picked up on the same day as the household refuse.
 - E. Some recyclables are accepted at a number of area "drop off" recycling centers. Residents shall be permitted to "drop off" recyclables at such locations. The GALSA recycling center operates a volunteer "drop off" center in Riverside Park.
4. Separation of Recyclables by Multifamily Housing Properties and Storage and Collection.
 - A. All multifamily housing units with four or more units will be required to recycle the following as defined in this Part:
 - (1) Clear and colored glass container.
 - (2) Aluminum cans.
 - (3) Steel and bi-metallic cans.
 - (4) Leaf waste.
 - B. The recyclables shall be prepared for recycling in the following manner:
 - (1) Rinse bottles and jars, remove lids, labels may be left on.
 - (2) Rinse cans, flatten cans in order to allow more to be placed in the recycling container.
 - C. Landlords of multifamily dwellings with four or more units are required to establish collection systems for recyclable materials at each property. The landlord must provide containers for collecting and sorting materials, easily accessible locations for the containers and written instructions to the occupants of their buildings.
 - D. All recyclables are to be commingled in the recycling container, are to be placed beside the dumpsters for collection with the household refuse and will be picked up on the same day as the household refuse.

- E. Some recyclables are accepted at a number of area "drop off" recycling centers. Residents shall be permitted to "drop off" recyclables at such locations. The GALSA Recycling Center operates a volunteer "drop off" center in Riverside Park.
5. Separation of Recyclables by Commercial, Municipal and Institutional Establishments and at Community Activities and Storage and Collection
- A. All commercial, municipal, institutional establishments and community activities in the Borough of Greenville will be required to recycle the following as defined in this Part:
 - (1) Aluminum.
 - (2) High-grade office paper.
 - (3) Corrugated paper.
 - (4) Leaf waste.
 - B. The recyclables shall be prepared for recycling in the following manner:
 - (1) Rinse cans, flatten cans in order to allow more to be placed in the recycling container.
 - (2) High-grade office paper and corrugated paper are to be separated by type, tied in bundles and placed in recycling container or paper bags.
 - C. Operators of commercial, municipal and institutional establishments are required to establish collection systems for recyclable materials and the same shall be collected at least one day each month. Community activities are to be collected as required.
 - D. The Borough of Greenville will implement its responsibilities under the Act for collection, transportation, processing and marketing materials for recycling by requiring that commercial, municipal and institutional establishments and organizers of community activities submit annual written documentation to the Borough of the total number of tons of materials recycled as required under the provisions of Act 101.
 - E. Exceptions to the Borough of Greenville's resource recovery and recycling program and program regulations shall be provided to those commercial, institutional or municipal establishments that have provided for recycling of materials required to be source separated and collected by the Borough of Greenville. Such commercial, institutional or municipal solid waste generators shall annually provide written documentation to the Borough of Greenville of the total number of tons of materials recycled.

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- F. Some recyclables are accepted at a number of area "drop off" recycling centers. Residents shall be permitted to "drop off" recyclables at such locations. The GALSA Recycling Center operates a volunteer "drop off" center in Riverside Park.
6. Separation and Collection of Leaf Waste, Yard Waste and Grass Clippings.
- A. Effective September 1, 1990, the disposal of leaves with household wastes shall be prohibited. Effective October 1, 1990 it shall be unlawful to dispose of yard waste, grass clippings, garden residue, tree trimmings, etc., with household wastes.
 - B. Leaf wastes as defined in this Part will be collected by the Borough of Greenville. Leaves will be collected during the fall season according to procedures established by the Borough.
 - C. Bagged leaves shall be placed at the curb for collection by the Borough or its authorized agent.
 - D. The Borough of Greenville will provide service once a month as designated by Council for the disposal of other yard waste, i.e., tree trimmings, bushes, plants, garden residue, shrubbery clippings, excluding grass clippings.
 - E. Property owners may do back yard composting.
7. Lead Acid Batteries. Lead acid batteries may not be disposed of with municipal solid waste. These batteries must be taken to a retailer or wholesaler of lead batteries, or to a collection or recycling facility or secondary lead smelter approved by the Environmental Protection Agency.
8. Public Education Program.
- A. In accord with the requirements of Act 101, the Borough of Greenville will establish a comprehensive public education program.
 - B. Prior to November 1, 1990, and every six months thereafter, the Borough of Greenville will notify the community of the recycling program through advertisements which may include local newspaper, radio, brochures and leaflets. The advertisement will set forth the requirements of this Part and the incentives and penalties.
9. Changes to Regulations. All changes to the regulations set forth herein will require a majority vote by the Greenville Borough Council. Public notice of any proposed change in the program regulations will be advertised once in a newspaper of general circulation within the Borough.

(Ord. 1234, 9/11/1990, Exhibit A; as amended by Res. 1991-18, 7/9/1991)